



## Rules and Regulations

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## About Canine Hoopers UK

Canine Hoopers UK was formed in 2017 to provide UK handlers and their dogs with a fun, low-impact sport. Clubs are able to host Canine Hoopers UK shows/competitions/Instructors courses.

Canine Hoopers UK Accredited Trainers will have been thoroughly assessed and only accredited to Canine Hoopers UK once instruction is at a high standard. We are committed to making sure that all Canine Hoopers UK Accredited Trainers are teaching to a high standard and that they are using modern force free training techniques. All Accredited Trainers will promote responsible dog ownership and will adhere to Canine Hoopers UK strict code of ethics.

The purpose of the Canine Hoopers UK competitions are to enable competitors to showcase their “teams” abilities, with a team comprising of one handler and dog partnership. Hoopers courses should encourage the dog to run naturally, with suitable teamwork challenges according to level of ability.

### 1.1 Mission Statement

Canine Hoopers UK strives to protect the long term well-being of the dog by maintaining flowing courses of low impact obstacles. Canine Hoopers UK aims to be an inclusive dog sport making sure that this sport is accessible to all dogs and handlers, in particular those handlers with limited mobility.

Canine Hoopers UK also strives to promote only force free modern training techniques through the assessment and accreditation of Canine Hoopers UK Accredited Trainer Scheme.

## 2. Canine Hoopers UK Shows

Handlers and their dogs should aim to compete as a smooth functioning team. Handlers should conduct themselves in a sportsmanlike manner and it is the responsibility of the handler to ensure that their dog has received suitable training for the classes in which they are competing. The dog’s health and welfare should be the number one priority at all times for the handler.

### 2.1 Eligibility for Entry

Dogs must be a minimum of 15 months of age in order to compete at a Hoopers UK competition. If a dog turns 15 months of age during a show then it may be entered into the whole show. For example, if a dog was to turn 15 months of age on the Sunday of a 2 day show, it is eligible to enter the classes on the Saturday of that show also.

Any dog, whether pedigree or crossbreed, that is fit and healthy and trained is eligible to enter a Canine Hoopers UK Show. Dogs must be registered with Canine Hoopers UK to be eligible to compete.

No puppies under the age of 8 weeks allowed to attend shows.

Bitches in season will be allowed to compete at the end of the class but must be kept away from the ring areas until the end of the class. Bitches in season must be kept on lead except when in the ring.

All Canine Hoopers UK shows are open to everyone who is registered with Canine Hoopers UK and agrees to abide by all rules and regulations set forth by Canine Hoopers UK. Canine Hoopers UK reserves the right to refuse membership, show licences and entry fees.

Competitors and all who attend Canine Hoopers UK shows are expected to behave in a civilised and sportsmanlike manner towards other people and dogs. Failure to do so may lead to disciplinary procedures.

No competitors, handlers or spectators, or their dogs may enter a ring when it is out of use. Anyone found to be in a ring without permission may be formally warned or excluded from the remainder of the event without a refund.

Children are the responsibility of their parents or guardians at all times whilst in attendance at Hoopers UK shows.

Judges have the authority to dismiss dogs and handlers from their rings. The judge's decision is final.

Show managers have the authority to dismiss any dog or person from the showground without a refund. The show manager's decision is final.

All dogs and persons entered at Canine Hoopers UK shows are entered at their own risk. Whilst every care will be taken to ensure the health and safety of all attendees, Canine Hoopers UK and any subsequent show managers will not be held responsible for loss, damage or injury however caused, to dogs, persons or property whilst at the event.

## 2.2 Registering Dogs

A dog must be registered with Canine Hoopers UK in order to compete at a Canine Hoopers UK show.

Dogs can be registered online on the website or you can download a registration form and send it through the post or by email along with the correct fee. Once a dog has been assigned a registration number it will be permanent.

Competitors must always ensure they use the correct registration number for their dog. If a handler enters a dog with an incorrect registration number then any points earned at the show that dog may not be eligible to receive them.

## 2.3 Canine Hoopers UK Club Registration

Both clubs and individuals can apply to Canine Hoopers UK to request affiliated status in order to hold Canine Hoopers UK shows. Registration fee applies and is renewable on 1<sup>st</sup> January every year.

## 2.4 Registering Handlers

All handlers must be registered with Canine Hoopers UK in order to compete at a Canine Hoopers UK show. All handlers registered with Canine Hoopers UK agree to abide by Canine Hoopers UK Rules and Regulations. Any handler not adhering to the Rules and Regulations may be subject to disciplinary procedures.

### 3. Dog Sizes

Dogs will be split into different size categories. Dogs must be measured at their first show in order for them to compete in the correct size category. Dogs will have their foreleg measured, their Ulna. They are measured from their Carpal joint (wrist) up to their elbow. See Appendix 1.

Dogs must be a minimum of 15 months old for their first measure. Dogs must have a second measure once they turn 2 years old. Their second measure must take place at the first show they attend after turning 2 years old. If a dog is over the age of 2 years when they are first measured then they do not need to have a second measure.

#### 3.1 Size Category Chart

<b>Ulna Length</b>	<b>Size Category</b>
Up to 15cm	Small
15.1cm and over	Large

#### 3.2 Official Measurement

Once a dog has been measured, their official measurement will be recorded on the Hoopers UK database. A pdf file of all dogs that have been measured will be available to view on the Hoopers UK website.

### 4. Levels

There are five different levels of competition: Starters, Beginners, Novice, Masters and Elite. Veteran classes are available for dogs aged over 10yrs.

CHUK record books can be purchased from the CHUK website.

#### 4.1 Progression

In order to progress up to the next level of competition, you must gain the required number of points at each level. A minimum of 50% of progression points must be gained from qualifying rounds.

Starters to Beginners – 200 Points gained in Starters level in order to progress to Beginners Level.

Beginners to Novice – 300 Points gained in Beginners level in order to progress to Novice Level.

Novice to Masters – 400 Points gained in Novice level in order to progress to Masters Level.

Masters to Elite – 500 Points gained in Masters level in order to progress to Elite Level.

## 4.2 Earning Points

Points are earned by completing a qualifying round at competitions.

10 points are awarded for a clear round within the standard course time.

5 points are awarded for a clear round that is out of the standard course time but within the maximum course time.

5 points are awarded for a clear round in the fastest time.

15 points are awarded for a Distance Handling Box.

5 to 20 points are awarded for a Bonus Handling Box.

Challenge lines can earn between 5 and 15 points.

Points can be earned from multiple sources for one class. E.g. Fido does a clear round in the fastest time whilst his handler remains behind one of the challenge lines. That one run will earn Fido  $10+5+10 = 25$  points.

## 4.3 Placings

At Canine Hoopers UK competitions, the winner is the least faults in the fastest time.

At the Elite level Extra points are also taken into account if extra options are available on the course. In that scenario the winner would be the least faults in the fastest time that earned the most extra points.

## 5. Class Types

There are 7 different class types, offering 4 different progression options.

A dog can only be entered into one level per class type.

Once a dog has gained enough points at their current level for a particular class type, then that dog is required to compete at their new higher level from the following day.

(H) Hoopers – Points gained in Hoopers classes will only count for progression in this class.

(B) Barrellers – Points gained in Barrellers classes will only count for progression in this class.

(T) Tunnellers – Points gained in Tunnellers classes will only count towards Tunnellers classes

(TG) Touch n Go – Points gained in Touch n Go classes will only count towards Touch n Go classes.

(S) Special Classes – These classes don't count for progression.

(TM) Teams – These classes don't count for progression

(P) Pairs – These classes don't count for progression

## 5.1 Hoopers

A course made entirely of Hoops. The judge will design and number the course. You will be given time to walk the course before the class starts.

A judge may include a Bonus Box/Distance Handling Box/Challenge Lines.

## 5.2 Barrellers

Barrellers is a numbered course set by the judge that may contain Hoops, Barrels and Tunnels. You will be given time to walk the course before the class starts.

A judge may include a Bonus Box/Distance Handling Box/Challenge Lines.

## 5.3 Tunnellers

A course using mostly Tunnels. The judge will design and number the course. You will be given time to walk the course before the class starts.

A judge may include a Bonus Box/Distance Handling Box/Challenge Lines.

## 5.4 Touch N Go

A numbered course designed by the judge that may contain Hoops, Barrels, Tunnels and a contact mat. You will be given time to walk the course before the class starts.

A judge may include a Bonus Box/Distance Handling Box/Challenge Lines.

## 5.5 Special Classes

These classes will include any of the eligible equipment for a Canine Hoopers UK show and may have special rules. Special classes will have a description included in the show schedule.

## 5.6 Teams

Three handlers and three dogs must complete the course with the least faults in the fastest time. There is no baton change. Judges will give a briefing for this class when it is ready for walking.

## 5.7 Pairs

Two handlers and two dogs must complete the course set by the judge with the least faults in the fastest time. There is no baton change. Judges will give a briefing for this class when it is ready for walking.

## 6. Equipment Specifications

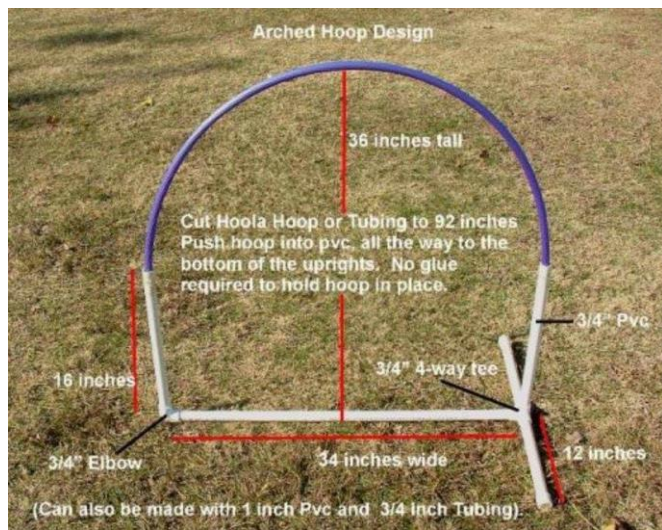
Equipment used for competitions must conform to these standards. Equipment must be maintained to a safe level at all times.

## 6.1 Hoops

The height of the hoops should be 36" and the width is 34"-36". The hoop is constructed of two pieces, the base and the hoop. The base of the hoop should be 34"-36". There should be support feet extending 12" in each direction on one side and uprights that are 16" – 18" tall. The base is made from ¾" schedule 40 PVC. The "hoop" part is made from hula hoops or PEX pipe material that is 92" long and is inserted into the 16" – 18" base uprights. The PEX pipe is pushed in until it contacts the bottom of the hoop base. The top of the rounded hoop should be 36" tall. Below is a photo of a completed hoop.

Hoop bases can be made from other materials providing they are safe and have no sharp areas where a dog could injure themselves.

Hoops can be weighted down or pegged down in order to maintain their position outside in the elements.



## 6.2 Barrels

Barrels used should be made of either a mesh material, fibre, cloth, metal or plastic material. Barrels should be 23"-27" in diameter and not less than 28" tall. One end of the barrel should be solid or of a type that a tunnel holder or some other weighted item could be placed inside or on top to hold the barrel in place in case of windy situations. Some of the common types of barrels used are the blue barrels, or EcoBins used for composting, or pop-up mesh barrels that meet the height and width criteria.





## 6.3 Tunnels

Tunnels should have a diameter of 80cm. Tunnels should be a minimum of 1 metre and a maximum of 3 meters in length.

Tunnels must be safely secured at all times when in use. Sandbags may be used or straps that are pegged down may be used. When securing the tunnel, straps should cross at least one of the Tunnels spines to prevent the fabric from being pulled down in-between the Tunnels spines and therefore decreasing the minimum diameter of the tunnel. Tunnels in the same ring must all have the same diameter. Entry lines into tunnels MUST be straight. Tunnel exits must be mostly straight although a gentle curve out of a tunnel will be acceptable.

## 6.4 Contact Mat

Contact mats should be 1 metre wide and 2 metres long. Mats must be made from a non-slip rubber material. At the entrance and exit there must be marker poles on the corners. The marker poles can be free standing or can stick into the ground. The contact mat must be fully secured at all times. The entrance side to the contact mat must be fully secured to prevent any possibility of a dog getting a toe or otherwise caught underneath the edge.

## 7. Scoring

5 faults for deliberately making contact with your dog during competition.

5 faults for a refusal – the dog must be in a position to take the obstacle and turned/moved away or the dog must have gone past the point of entering the obstacle correctly and in order to complete the obstacle correctly would have to go back on itself.

5 faults for not making contact with the contact mat.

5 faults refusal for not entering the contact mat through the entrance marker poles.

5 faults for exiting the contact mat before passing through the exit marker poles.

Handler and dog teams must attempt the course in a sportsmanlike manner and must do their best to take every obstacle in the correct order. Any deliberate missing of obstacles will result in dismissal from the ring. Any obstacles that are missed by a dog being on an incorrect line from a previous obstacle but that has made an attempt to get to the correct obstacle will be expected to continue without retaking the missed obstacle and will simply be faulted 5f for the missed obstacle.

If a dog misses 3 obstacles in one run this will result in an elimination

Time faults - Any fraction of a second over course time will be added to the total number of faults as that fraction of time, e.g., 1.23 seconds = 1.23 faults

### 7.1 Elimination

Taking an obstacle out of order, even if only partially, the dog does not have to complete the incorrect obstacle to be eliminated. The only exception to this rule is the refusal of an obstacle – see above.

Fouling in the ring.

Harsh handling – this MUST also be reported to show management immediately.

Carrying something in the hand whilst under test, with the exception of a mobility aid – except in Starters.

Feeding a dog in the ring.

Signs of aggression in the dog – this includes the dog biting the handler. Note – reactive dogs will be given adequate space before during and after their run in order to allow them to join in the fun.

Starting before told to do so.

Dogs running in the wrong level.

Dangly pieces (eg. tag) attached to dogs collar

Dog wearing any incorrect equipment, eg harness.

## 7.2 General Rules

Competitors are responsible for ensuring that dogs are adequately trained to a safe standard for the nature of the competition entered.

Dogs that are suffering from a contagious or infectious disease or have been in contact with any dog suffering from a contagious or infectious disease within 21 days prior to a show must not be brought to the show venue.

It is the competitors' responsibility to be available for their class.

Dogs, whilst competing, can either have their collar removed or are permitted to wear a flat closefitting neck collar with nametags that are flush fitting. No discs or similar may be attached to the collar. No check, half check collars, harnesses or head collars are permitted.

All awards must be collected on the day of the show.

All dogs must at all times be kept under proper control whilst at the show venue including exercise areas, car parking and camping areas.

Any person in charge of a dog is required to remove, as soon as possible any fouling caused by their dogs within the show venue including car parks and camping areas. This includes any adjacent dog exercising areas.

No person shall carry out any physical disciplining or excessive harsh verbal correction of a dog at any time within the precincts of the show.

The mating of bitches within the precincts of the show is forbidden

Judges must judge in accordance with these Rules and Regulations.

The Judge is responsible for the design of their course and must at all times give total consideration to the safety of the dog and handler.

Judges must submit course plans as and when requested by the show organisers.

Judges must observe the dog and handler at all times whilst they are in the ring.

A silent toy may be carried by the handler when running in the Starters classes only. The dog is not permitted to make contact with the toy at any point during the run.

Competitors to queue 6ft apart – whilst exact spacing will not be completely enforced, competitors are expected to respect each other's space, especially in the case of reactive/yellow dogs.

Competitors to keep 6ft back from the ring boundary when the ring is in use.

Dogs are not allowed to be lunging at the rings, other competitors or their dogs.

No skateboards/roller skates/bikes etc to be used around the show rings.

## 8. Competitions and Shows

Any club, society or individual can apply to Canine Hoopers UK for a show licence in order to hold shows under Canine Hoopers UK Rules. Such shows will be eligible for point's progression within Canine Hoopers UK.

### 8.1 Holding Canine Hoopers UK Shows

At every competition the show organiser/manager will provide or make provision for:

- Copy of Canine Hoopers UK Rules and Regulations – the most up to date version
- Registration Forms
- Show Schedule
- Adequate toilet facilities
- Equipment to Canine Hoopers UK Regulations
- Suitable ring surface
- Electronic Timing
- Back up stopwatches
- Rosettes and Trophies

All shows must be fully insured and have their insurance documentation with them at the show.

In the event of cancellation of the show through circumstances beyond Hoopers UK's or show management's control, the show management may defray such expenses from the entry fees to cover the cost of the show preparation. These accounts must then be made available to the public.

### 8.2 Entries and Schedules

All competitions will be available to enter by paper. Most shows will also be available to enter online.

The following items must be included in all schedules:

- Canine Hoopers UK logo
- Dates and announcement that the show is being held under Hoopers UK Regulations
- Closing date of entry

- Schedule of classes and fees
- Description of classes offered
- Name of training centre, individual, club
- Name of Show Manager
- Official Canine Hoopers UK show entry form
- Disclaimer

### 8.3 Ring Layout

Outdoor rings should be a minimum of 32 x 32 metres. Indoor rings may be smaller but must still be suitable for the tests being held within them and should not be less than 20m x 20m. The surface should be suitable for the safe running of dogs and handlers and be free from rocks, trees, holes, and so on, and must allow for all obstacles to sit level where placed. Rings must be fully fenced and include an entrance and exit chute.

### 8.4 Course Design

Judges are responsible for the design of their courses. When designing their courses the judge must at all times give total consideration to the safety of the dog and handler. Particular care should be taken to make sure that the course is smooth and flows from one obstacle to another. This must include safe entry and exit angles to tunnels and contact mats. Tunnels should be kept straight. Courses will contain a minimum of 15 obstacles and a maximum of 20 obstacles. Pull-throughs, round the backs and wraps on hoops are not permitted. This includes wrapping the first obstacle. Dogs must start from the numbered side of the first obstacle and cannot be sent around from the wrong side.

Obstacles will be numbered and must be taken in the correct order. The placement of the number for an obstacle will determine in which direction it should be taken. Where a number is placed in the centre of an obstacle, competitors will be able to take the obstacle in either direction.

### 8.5 Obstacle Spacing

In the Starters and Beginners levels, obstacles are required to be spaced 4-5 metres apart. For Novice level and above obstacles should be spaced a minimum of 4 metres apart.

It is expected that the distance between the obstacles will be increased as the difficulty of the courses increases. E.g. Beginners may have between 4 and 5 metres between obstacles. Elite competitors may experience up to 8 metres between obstacles.

When measuring courses, the judges should measure the dog's path between obstacles.

### 8.6 Not For Competition (NFC)

A handler may choose to run NFC in any class in which they are eligible to compete. The handler must inform the scime upon entering the ring before commencing their run. The handler then has the standard course time to train in the ring.

A silent toy may be used when running NFC. Alternatively a licky bottle treat, a solid lick stick or a solid chew of some sort may be used, E.g. pigs ears, stag bars, bull bars, horns etc. Training Treats/small individual treats may NOT be taken into the ring. Chews that crumble may NOT be taken into the ring.

## 8.7 Rosettes and Awards

All rosettes must clearly say Canine Hoopers UK.

All qualifying runs will be eligible for a Q rosette if outside of the placings.

Placement rosettes will be awarded to 20% of pre-entered numbers.

Trophies/Prizes will be awarded based on pre-entered class numbers.

Trophies/Prizes will be awarded as follows:

- ✓ 5 or less dogs in class – no prize/trophy
- ✓ Less than 20 dogs in class – 1<sup>st</sup>
- ✓ 21 to 40 dogs in class – 2<sup>nd</sup>
- ✓ 41 to 60 dogs in class – 3<sup>rd</sup>
- ✓ 61 to 80 dogs in class – 4<sup>th</sup>
- ✓ 81 to 100 dogs in class – 5<sup>th</sup>

## 8.8 Re-Runs

If a judge offers a competitor a re-run then faults etc will stand and the competitors will just be running for time. If the handler/dog team are eliminated then no re-run will be given except through judge's discretion. If an incidence occurs which causes the dog to fault but is the same incident that causes the judge to offer a re-run then that fault will be discounted.

Re-runs may be offered when timing equipment fails or if some such circumstances arise that the judge deems it fair to offer one.

Conditions outside of the ring are outside of the judge's control.

## 9. Extras

Extra points can be gained during competitions if the judge includes challenge lines and/or boxes. These will be seen more often in the higher levels of competition. All Extras are optional. At all times handlers may run with their dogs and still achieve a qualifying score.

A box of 4 sides with each side measuring between 1 and 4m in a square/rectangular shape.

### 9.1 Distance Handling Boxes (DHB)

If a judge includes a DHB in the course then handlers have the chance to earn an extra 15 points.

DHB are usually only seen at Masters and Elite levels.

The handler must be inside the DHB before the dog negotiates the first obstacle and must remain inside that box until the dog has completed the last obstacle on the course. If the handler leaves the box at any point before the dog has successfully completed the last obstacle then no extra points will be awarded. The DHB extra points will only be awarded for clear rounds.

## 9.2 Bonus Boxes (BB)

Bonus boxes allow handlers to remain in place for certain aspects of a course but then move for others without losing any extra points earned.

When designing the course the judge will determine different sections of the course that will be worth different amounts of points when handled from the BB. The judge must outline this in their briefing. The judge must also provide a paper copy showing which sections of their course are worth what amount of points. This paper copy must be on display in the ring whilst the course is walking.

E.g. 3-7 could be worth 5 points. 10-15 might be worth 15 points as this section may be more difficult.

The handler is able to step into and out of the BB during their run. They must be completely inside the BB before their dog starts to negotiate a bonus section of the course and they must remain inside that box until that bonus section has been completed successfully in order to get the points for that section. This enables the handler to attempt certain parts of the course from a distance without having to remain in the box for the entire course.

When attempting Bonus Boxes, the extra points will only be awarded per BB section of the course completed successfully without faults.

## 9.3 Challenge Lines (CL)

A Challenge Line is used to split the ring area up.

A handler that chooses to remain behind the very first CL will be awarded 15 points.

A handler that chooses to cross the first CL but remains behind the second CL will be awarded 10 points.

A handler that chooses to cross the first two CLs but remain behind the third CL will be awarded 5 points.

Challenge Lines will cross the entire ring horizontally so the handler has full freedom of movement across the width of the ring behind whichever CL they choose to remain.

A handler may change their mind during their run if they feel that is better for their dog. Just because the handler attempted to stay behind the first CL for the first part of the course doesn't mean that they cannot cross to the second CL later on. However, they would only be awarded the extra points for the LOWER CL.

CL points will only be awarded for clear rounds.

## 10. Annual Finals

From 2019 there will be an annual Finals event held. Points gained throughout the year will determine who gets to compete in the Finals. The day will be split with semi-finals held in the morning and Finals held in the afternoon. More details on this to be announced.

## 11. Code of Ethics

All Canine Hoopers UK Accredited Trainers, Committee Members, Show Managers and any other representatives of Canine Hoopers UK MUST adhere to the Canine Hoopers UK Code of Ethics at all times.

- Cruelty, abuse or neglect to animals or humans will not be acceptable at any time. Anyone found being cruel, abusive or neglectful will be brought before the Committee and disciplinary action will be taken.
- To train dogs professionally with honesty, integrity and in the best interest of the dog, owner, the public and CHUK.
- Actively provide and promote force-free training methods and actively reject any methods or equipment that may cause physical or mental discomfort. Treatment of dogs being trained, handled or cared for by members must always be in line with accepted standards of good practice. Treatment must be humane. CHUK does not condone the use of prong collars, electric collars, electronic collars, choke chains or any other aversive tool.
- Respect the privacy and confidentiality of clients.
- Carry suitable professional insurance including public liability.
- Members agree to work within their professional limits and agree to refer owners with needs beyond those limits to a suitable professional.
- Accept CHUK Committee decisions as final after appeals process.
- Proactively benefit dogs and dog owners.
- Proactively promote CHUK.
- Not to bring the name of Canine Hoopers UK into disrepute
- You will be expected to act at all time within the law. Anyone breaking the law should not expect to receive any support from CHUK.
- Members have a duty to ensure that the general public are not put at risk as a result of their activities.
- Every member should at all times act in good faith towards their employer or client.
- Members should not act in any way, which might be detrimental to relationships with other professions.
- Members must act in good faith towards fellow members and to the organisation.
- CHUK rules should always be complied with, even in training.

## 12. Disciplinary Procedure

If a person wishes to make a complaint against another person or their dog, it must be made to the Show Manager on the day of the event. All details of the incident must be given, along with a required £50 fee. A judge, Show Secretary or Show Manager may make a formal complaint without the required fee.

If a person wishes to make a complaint against a CHUK Accredited Trainer or other representative of CHUK then this must be done with 7 days of the incident occurring and must be done in writing directly to a member of the CHUK Committee.

The Show Manager must then investigate the incident by interviewing the accused and all witnesses. If the Show Manager feels that there is a case to answer, all details and information of the incident and £30 (£20 is kept by the show) must be sent to CHUK. At this time a cooling down period of 7 days begins. If the Show Manager feels that there is no case to answer then this will be stated to the complainant. The complainant

may choose to either drop the charge or still proceed. If the decision is to proceed, the information gathered and the £30 must be sent to CHUK. If the decision is to drop the complaint, then £30 will be refunded to the complainant and the show will still keep £20. In addition, all information will still be sent to CHUK.

Once CHUK receives the formal complaint the accused will be notified in writing, to which they should reply within 14 days. At the end of this period, the complainant will be asked if they still want to continue. If they wish to proceed then CHUK will decide whether or not they feel there is a case to answer. If the complainant decides not to continue, then £20 will be refunded and CHUK will keep the remaining £10.

At any point that the complainant chooses to drop the charges, CHUK may still proceed with the case should they feel that it is warranted. CHUK may choose to investigate matters further before making a decision. If CHUK finds there is no case to answer both parties will be notified and all money will remain with CHUK. If the accused is found to be in breach of CHUK regulations, CHUK will inform the accused in writing and may impose fines, written or verbal warnings, bans, and costs. If fines are not paid, the account will be frozen and the accused will not be allowed to compete. In addition, the complainant will be notified of the decision and all money will be refunded.

The accused party will then have 14 days to appeal to CHUK in writing. An appeals hearing will then be set and conducted.

The following are examples of causes for a dog/handler being involved in a disciplinary process:

- Person to person aggression
- Dog to person aggression
- Dog to dog aggression
- Harsh or abusive handling of dog
- Serious breach of CHUK rules
- Impugning a judge's decision(s)
- Bringing the name of CHUK into disrepute
- Copying or reproducing any material belonging to CHUK without prior consent.
- Using social media to impugn or undermine a judge's decision or bringing the name of CHUK into disrepute.



Appendix 1

